











Aquidneck Island Native Trees

Plant native next time you spruce up your yard! Native plants play an important role in our local ecosystems by providing wildlife with food and shelter. Check out the RI Native Plant Guide by URI for more info!

<p>Canada Serviceberry <i>(Amelanchier canadensis)</i></p>	<p>Flowering Dogwood <i>(Cornus florida)</i></p>	<p>Red Cedar <i>(Juniperus virginiana)</i></p>	<p>Choke Cherry <i>(Prunus virginiana)</i></p>	<p>Pagoda Dogwood <i>(Swida alternifolia)</i></p>
				
<p>American Holly <i>(Ilex opaca)</i></p>	<p>Gray Birch <i>(Betula populifolia)</i></p>	<p>Sassafras <i>(Sassafras albidum)</i></p>	<p>Black Cherry <i>(Prunus serotina)</i></p>	<p>Red Oak <i>(Quercus rubra)</i></p>
				
<p>Red Maple <i>(Acer rubrum)</i></p>	<p>Black Oak <i>(Quercus velutina)</i></p>	<p>Sugar Maple <i>(Acer saccharum)</i></p>	<p>White Oak <i>(Quercus alba)</i></p>	<p>Tulip Tree <i>(Liriodendron tulipifera)</i></p>
				

<p>Canada Serviceberry <i>(Amelanchier canadensis)</i></p>	<p>Flowering Dogwood <i>(Cornus florida)</i></p>	<p>Red Cedar <i>(Juniperus virginiana)</i></p>	<p>Choke Cherry <i>(Prunus virginiana)</i></p>	<p>Pagoda Dogwood <i>(Swida alternifolia)</i></p>
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- 6-20ft when mature
- Bird and pollinator habitat
- Smooth gray bark when young
- Birds enjoy purple berries



- 15-20ft when mature
- Large white flowers
- Nursery varieties have different colors
- Vibrant fall foliage



- 15-30ft when mature
- Evergreen conifer
- Winter food for birds
- Waxy blue berries
- Native replacement for Arborvitae



- 20-30ft when mature
- Birds and native animals eat berries
- Important in Indigenous cultures
- Long white flower clusters

- 20-30ft when mature
- Wispy white flowers
- Bird and pollinator habitat
- Branches form layers to look like pagoda

<p>American Holly <i>(Ilex opaca)</i></p>	<p>Gray Birch <i>(Betula populifolia)</i></p>	<p>Sassafras <i>(Sassafras albidum)</i></p>	<p>Black Cherry <i>(Prunus serotina)</i></p>	<p>Red Oak <i>(Quercus rubra)</i></p>
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- 20-40ft when mature
- Bird and pollinator habitat
- Evergreen leaves
- Bright red berries
- Native replacement for Arborvitae



- 20-40ft when mature
- Bird and pollinator habitat
- Smooth gray bark
- Small triangular leaves
- Tolerant of many conditions



- 30-60ft when mature
- Bird and pollinator habitat
- Fragrant simple leaves, glove shaped or trident shaped
- Originally used to make root beer
- Tolerant of many conditions



- 50-60ft when mature
- Bird and pollinator habitat
- Fast growing
- Edible berries used to flavor rum and brandy
- Poisonous to livestock

- 50-70ft when mature
- Keystone larval insect host
- Very common forest tree
- Grows quickly in full sun
- Tolerant of many conditions



<p>Red Maple <i>(Acer rubrum)</i></p>	<p>Black Oak <i>(Quercus velutina)</i></p>	<p>Sugar Maple <i>(Acer saccharum)</i></p>	<p>White Oak <i>(Quercus alba)</i></p>	<p>Tulip Tree <i>(Liriodendron tulipifera)</i></p>
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- 40-75ft when mature
- Bird and pollinator habitat
- Edible syrup
- Bright red foliage
- Tolerant of many soils
- State tree



- 60-75ft when mature
- Keystone larval insect host
- Turkeys and mammals eat acorns
- Tolerant of many conditions



- 60-80ft when mature
- Bird and pollinator habitat
- Large amounts of edible syrup
- Clear leaf sap
- Bright foliage



- 50-90ft when mature
- Bird and pollinator habitat
- Slow growing
- Keystone larval insect host
- Tolerant of many conditions

- 70-120ft when mature
- Can reach up to 200ft in cases
- Pollinator habitat
- Complex flowers

